

Parts of Speech and Grammar

[Click Me](#)

Vocabulary: A verb is

Vocabulary: A noun is

Vocabulary: An adjective is

Identify: Noun, Verb, or Adjective?

1. Go =
 2. Color =
 3. Play =
 4. Red =
 5. Eat =
 6. Sick
 7. Comb
-

Vocabulary: Number

Number answers the question—how many?
Number can be either **singular** or **plural**.
Verbs, nouns, and adjectives have **number**.

Identify

Singular or Plural?

1. Clothes =

2. Women =

3. Deer =

4. Money =

5. Cat =

1. They go =

2. I go =

3. She goes =

4. We go =

Conjugating Verbs

Present Tense

Vocabulary: To conjugate

To conjugate a verb is to list together the verb and all of its personal endings, both **singular** and **plural**. Latin, like English, has 3 singular and 3 plural forms, which makes 6 total forms.

One of the very first Latin verbs you'll learn is the verb "to be." This is an **irregular** verb, which means it **does not follow a particular pattern**. You must **memorize** the forms of this verb.

Irregular Verb: Sum, Esse – to be

Singular		Plural
1 st	Sum -	Sumus -
2 nd	Es -	Estis -
3 rd	Est -	Sunt -

Review:

To _____ a verb is to list together the verb and all of its personal endings, both singular and plural.

Regular Verbs:

Regular verbs follow a particular pattern and have six personal endings. Personal endings show who the subject of the verb is.

Personal Endings for Regular Verbs: [Click+ Me](#)

Singular	Plural
1 st	
2 nd	
3 rd	

Example: Amō, Amare – to love

Singular	Plural
1 st Amō –	Amamus –
2 nd Amas –	Amatis –
3 rd Amat –	Amant –

Practice

Directions: Conjugate and Translate the following verbs.

Practice: Donō, Donare – to give

Singular	Plural
1 st Dono – I give	
2 nd	
3 rd	

Practice: Intrō, Intrare – to enter

Singular	Plural
1 st Intrō – I enter	
2 nd	
3 rd	

Basic Latin Composition

Directions: Translate these sentences into Latin.

1. The woman hurries =

2. The girl dines =

3. We enter =

4. I walk =

1. She is tired =

2. The woman is happy =

3. You all work =

4. They dine =